Listing of Claims

(Previously Presented) An embolus extractor, comprising:
 an elongate shaft having a proximal end and a distal end;

first and second struts, each strut having a proximal end and a distal end coupled to the distal end of the shaft, the struts having a first position and a second position;

wherein in the first position, the distal ends and the proximal ends of the struts are spaced at a first distance, and in the second position the distal ends and the proximal ends of the struts are spaced at a second distance, the second distance being less than the first distance, and wherein in the second position the proximal ends of the struts form an open, generally circular mouth.

- 2. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, further comprising a sleeve slidably coupling the distal ends of the struts to the shaft.
- 3. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, further comprising a sleeve slidably coupling the proximal ends of the struts to the shaft.
- 4. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, wherein in the first position, the struts are disposed generally parallel to and adjacent the shaft.
 - 5. (Canceled)

JUN-10-2004 15:32

6123599349

- 6. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, wherein the struts extend generally distally from the mouth to define a generally distally tapering body.
- 7. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, wherein the proximal portion of the struts forming the mouth extend from the shaft at an angle of between 45° to 90° relative to the length of the shaft.
- 8. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 7, wherein the proximal portions of the struts forming the mouth extend from the shaft at an angle of between 60° to 90° relative to the length of the shaft.
- 9. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 8, wherein the proximal portions of the struts forming the mouth extend from the shaft at an angle of between 80° to 90° relative to the length of the shaft.
- 10. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, wherein the struts include a shape memory metal.
- 11. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 10, wherein the shape memory metal includes a NiTi alloy.

- 12. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, further comprising a third strut coupled to the shaft, the third strut having a transverse cross sectional area; wherein the first and second struts each have a transverse cross sectional area greater than the transverse cross sectional area of the third strut.
 - 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Previously Presented) The embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, wherein the first and second struts can move independently of each other.
- 15. (Original) The embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, wherein the struts can rotate about the elongate shaft.
- 16. (Original) The embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, wherein the struts can translate at least in part along the elongate shaft.
- 17. (Original) The embolus extractor in accordance with claim 1, wherein at least strut includes a radiopaque material.
 - 18. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor, comprising: an elongate shaft having a proximal end and a distal end;
- a first strut having a proximal end and a distal end, the proximal end of the strut being coupled to the shaft, the strut having a first position and a second position;

wherein in the first position, the distal end and the proximal end of the strut are spaced at a first distance, and in the second position, the distal end and the proximal end of the strut are spaced at a second distance being less than the first distance, and wherein in the second position, a proximal portion of the strut defines an open, generally circular mouth.

- 19. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 18 wherein in the first position, the strut is disposed generally parallel to the shaft.
 - 20. (Canceled)

JUN-10-2004 15:32

- 21. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 18, wherein the strut extends generally distally from the mouth to define a generally distally tapering body.
- 22. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 18, wherein the proximal portion of the strut forming the mouth, extends from the shaft at an angle of between 45° to 90° relative to the length of the shaft.
- 23. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 22, wherein the proximal portion of the strut forming the mouth, extends from the shaft at an angle of between 60° to 90° relative to the length of the shaft.

- 24. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 23, wherein the proximal portion of the strut forming the mouth, extends from the shaft at an angle of between 80° to 90° relative to the length of the shaft.
- 25. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 18, wherein the strut includes a shape memory metal.
- 26. (Original) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 25, wherein the shape memory metal includes a NiTi alloy.
- 27. (Previously Presented) An embolus extractor in accordance with claim 18, further comprising a second strut coupled to the shaft, the second strut having a transverse cross sectional area;

wherein the first strut has a transverse cross sectional area greater than the cross sectional area of the second strut.

28. (Previously Presented) A method of withdrawing an embolus extractor, comprising the steps of:

providing an embolus extractor having elongate shaft, having a proximal end and a distal end and a plurality of struts disposed at the distal end of the elongate shaft, the struts having a proximal portion configured to form an open, generally circular mouth, the struts and at least a portion of the elongate shaft being disposed in a patient's vasculature, an embolus contained by the strut;

providing a micro catheter having a distal end;
advancing the micro catheter over at least a portion of the elongate shaft;
collapsing the struts at least in part at the distal end of the micro catheter; and
moving the micro catheter and embolus extractor together proximally.

29. (Original) The method in accordance with claim 28, further comprising the steps of:

providing a radiopaque marker at the distal end of the micro catheter, and providing a radiopaque marker on the embolus extractor; and

positioning the markers relative to each other to determine the relative position of the micro catheter and embolus extractor.